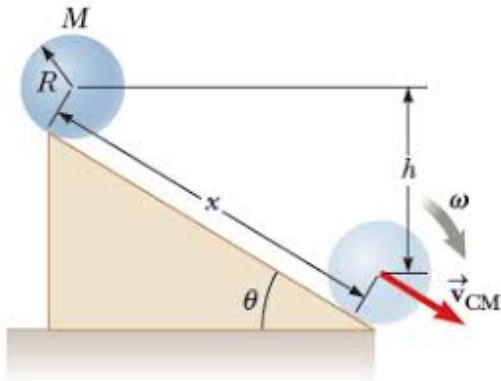


Physics 1211, Fall 2018, November 30, 2018 Quiz 6



In the figure below a **hollow sphere** of mass 2kg and radius 0.2 m, is **released from rest** from a height of $h = 0.8$ m. It rolls **without slipping** down an incline of angle $\theta = 53.1^\circ$.

A) Use conservation of mechanical energy, with $K = \frac{1}{2}Mv_{com}^2 + \frac{1}{2}I_{com}\omega^2$, to calculate the com speed, v_{cm} , and angular speed ω , when it reaches the bottom of the incline. **Answer: $v = 3.07 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$, $\omega = 15.35 \text{ rad/s}$**

- B) Calculate the linear, a_{cm} , and angular, α , acceleration of the sphere.
Answer: $a_{cm} = 4.7 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-2}$, $\alpha = 23.5 \text{ rad} \cdot \text{s}^{-2}$.
- C) Draw a **FBD** of all **forces** acting on the sphere. Use Newton's law for linear motion, $\vec{F}_{net} = M\vec{a}_{com}$, and rotational motion, $\vec{\tau}_{net} = I\vec{\alpha}$, to find the linear a_{cm} , and angular, α , acceleration.
- D) Calculate the **minimum value of static friction coefficient, μ_s** , in order for the sphere to roll without slipping.
- E) If the actual μ_s is **smaller** than the value calculated in part D). will the **linear speed** of the sphere at the **bottom** be **smaller** or **greater** than the **value calculated in part A)**.